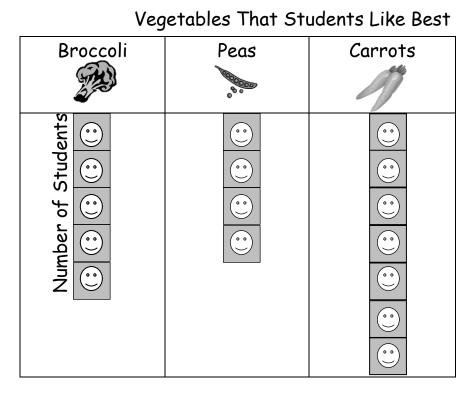


Summer Package Grade 1 entering Grade 2 Week2 2020-2021

Week 2 G1 entering G2:

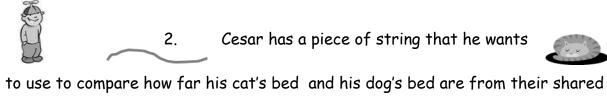
1.

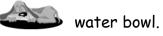
1. Each student in the class put a sticky note on the graph to show the vegetable he likes best. Use the graph below to answer the questions. Remember to label your answers.



(= 1 student

- How many students like carrots the best? 2. How many students like carrots and peas the best? 3. How many total students answered the survey?
- 4. How many more students like broccoli than like peas the best?
- 5. How many fewer students like broccoli than like carrots the best?

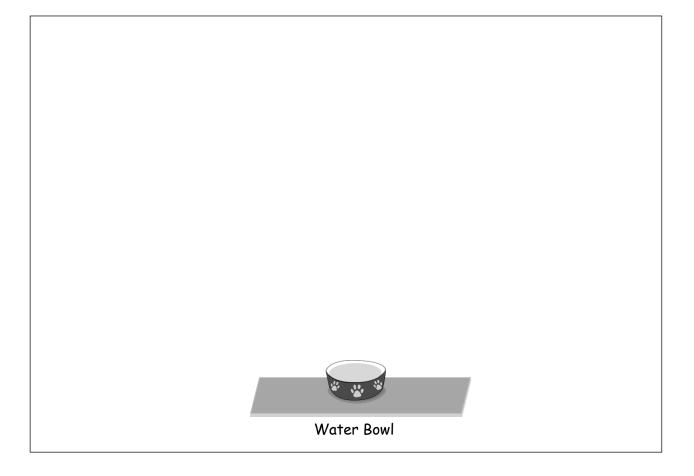


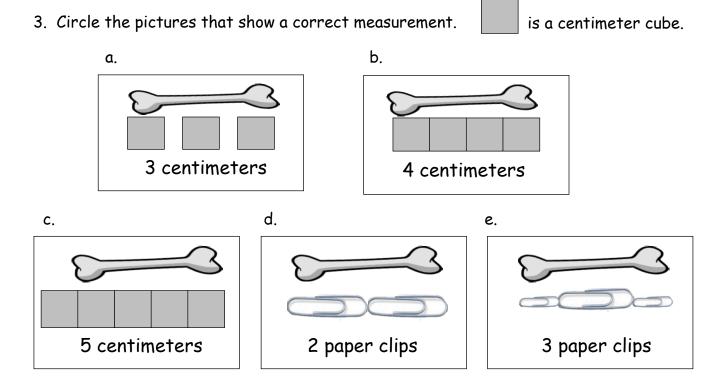




- The string is a lot longer than the dog's path to the bowl.
- The string is a lot **shorter** than the cat's path to the bowl.

Whose path is shorter to the water bowl, the dog's or the cat's? Draw a picture to show how you know.

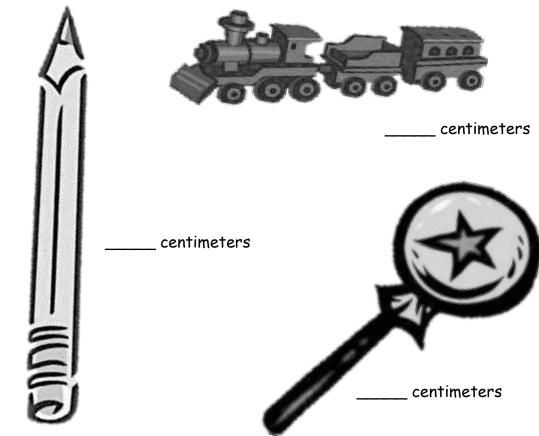




a. Why did you pick these pictures? Explain your thinking with two reasons.

- b. What was the length measurement of the **bone** for each correct picture?
- c. Why are the measurements for (d) and (e) different?

4. Measure the length of the picture of each item with centimeter cubes.



b. Order

a.

the train, pencil, and lollipop from shortest to longest.

- c. Which item, or items, is longer than the lollipop?
- d. How much longer is the pencil than the train?

- 5. Use the RDW process to solve the following problems. Write the answer in the place value chart.
- a. Maria is having a party for 17 of her friends. She already invited some friends. She has 12 more invitations to send. How many friends has she already invited?

	tens	ones
Maria already invited friends		

b. Maria bought 11 red balloons and 8 white balloons. How many balloons did she buy?

Maria bought _____ balloons

tens	ones

c. Maria had 17 friends at her party. Some of them went outside to see the piñata. There were 4 friends remaining in the room. How many friends went outside?

____Friends went outside

tens	ones

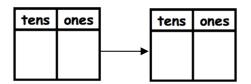
6. Fill in the missing numbers in each sequence:

a. 27, 28, ____, ___, 32 b. ___, 17, ___, 19, ____

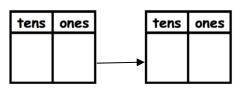
7. a. Mark says that 34 is the same as 2 tens and 14 ones. Suki says that 34 is the same as 34 ones. Are they correct? Explain your thinking.

- b. Use <, =, or > to compare the pairs of numbers.
 i. 3 tens 25 ones
 ii. 1 tens 14 ones 2 tens 4 ones
 iii. 33 2 tens 12 ones
 iv. 26 1 ten 25 ones
- c. Find the mystery numbers. Use the place value charts to show how you know.

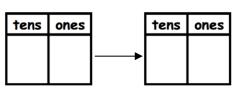
10 more than 29 is _____.

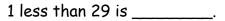


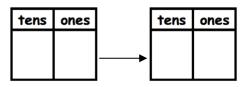
1 more than 29 is _____.



10 less than 29 is _____.







8. Solve for each unknown number. Use the space provided to draw quick tens, a number bond, or the arrow way to show your work. You may use your kit of ten-sticks if needed.

a. 18 + 3 =	b. 28 + 10 =	c. 40 — 30 =
d. 28 + 2 =	e. 28 + 6 =	f. 28 + 12 =
g. 15 + 15 =	h. 19 + 14 =	i. 16 + 18 =